

Review Questions: Proposal Development and Submission

1. RFP and RFA are examples of
 - a. Audit guides
 - b. Proposal solicitations
 - c. Mailing designations
 - d. Government agencies
2. Which of these agencies do not fund health research?
 - a. Food and Drug Administration
 - b. Department of Energy
 - c. National Science Foundation
 - d. U.S. Army
3. Which of the following government publications serves as a comprehensive handbook of current federal government funding programs?
 - a. Federal Yellow Book
 - b. Annual Register of Grant Support
 - c. Guide to Funding in Higher Education
 - d. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance
4. Research.gov is an interactive real-time system used to conduct business over the internet for which agency?
 - a. National Institutes of Health
 - b. National Science Foundation
 - c. National Endowment for the Arts
 - d. National Defense Agency
5. What is the electronic portal to submit grants to federal agencies?
 - a. E-commons
 - b. Research.gov
 - c. Grants.gov
 - d. iEdison
6. Common language by which organizations could electronically exchange information:
 - a. HyperText Markup Language (HTML)
 - b. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)
 - c. Microsoft Windows
 - d. Electronic Research Administration (ERA)
7. Which agency was the first to establish a web based proposal submission system?
 - a. National Science Foundation
 - b. National Institutes of Health
 - c. Grants.gov
 - d. NASA

8. NSF requires that the Project Outcomes Report for the General Public be uploaded to?
 - a. Fastlane
 - b. Grants.gov
 - c. iEdison
 - d. Research.gov
9. The Federal Register is published
 - a. Every business day
 - b. Once a month
 - c. Annually
 - d. It is no longer published
10. Rules, proposed rules, and notices of Federal agencies and organizations as well as executive orders and other presidential documents are printed in the
 - a. New York Times
 - b. Federal Register
 - c. FedBizOpps
 - d. Grants.gov
11. Electronic Streamlined Non-competing Award Process (eSNAP) are submitted through?
 - a. Grants.gov
 - b. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance
 - c. Fastlane
 - d. eRA Commons
12. Public Law 106-107 essentially created
 - a. NSF
 - b. DARPA
 - c. Grants.gov
 - d. E-grants.com
13. Helps government grantees and contractors comply with, the Bayh-Dole Act. requiring that government funded inventions be reported to the federal agency who made the award?
 - a. iEdison
 - b. Reporting.gov
 - c. Invention.gov
 - d. eRA-Commons
14. The single government point-of-entry for Federal government procurement opportunities over \$25,000 is
 - a. Commerce Business Daily
 - b. Federal Register
 - c. FedBizOpps
 - d. Classified Ads

15. What law forced Federal agencies to work together on a common electronic proposal submission system?
 - a. PL 106 & 107
 - b. Bayh-Dole
 - c. eRA-commons
 - d. Electronic Consolidation Act
16. What agency is the managing partner of Grants.gov?
 - a. National Science Foundation
 - b. National Institutes of Health
 - c. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services DHS
 - d. Research.gov
17. The best source to search for specific funding opportunity announcements for multiple federal agencies would be?
 - a. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA)
 - b. Fastlane
 - c. Grants.gov
 - d. Federal Register
18. Generally which type of funding agreement would provide the most latitude to the researcher in regard to how the work is carried out?
 - a. Federal Contract
 - b. Federal Grant
 - c. Federal Cooperative Agreement
 - d. Foreign Contract
19. NASA electronic proposal submission system is
 - a. Fastlane
 - b. Research.gov
 - c. Spacegrant.gov
 - d. NSPIRES
20. In order to receive a Small Business Technology Transfer award the research team must contain:
 - a. For-profit company
 - b. Non-profit research institute
 - c. For-profit company and a non-profit research institute
 - d. For-profit company, a non-profit research institute and a federal lab
21. A Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) proposal must be submitted by
 - a. For-profit company
 - b. Non-profit research institute
 - c. For-profit company or a non-profit research institute
 - d. For-profit company, non-profit research institute or a federal lab

Answers: 1b, 2c, 3d, 4b, 5c, 6b, 7a, 8d, 9a, 10b, 11d, 12c, 13a, 14c, 15a, 16c, 17c, 18b, 19d, 20c, 21a,