

Questions - NIH

1. A competing personal interest could affect, or could appear to affect, an individual's judgment or could cause the individual's impartiality to be questioned.
 - a. Conflict of interest
 - b. Conflict of impartiality
 - c. Conflict of conscience
 - d. Scientific misconduct
2. The NIH policy which allows the submission of certain elements of a competing application to be deferred until later in the application process, after review when the application is under consideration for funding.
 - a. Just-in-Time
 - b. After the Fact
 - c. Preaward Submission
 - d. On Demand
3. A type of NIH grant application in which support is requested in specified increments without the need for detailed supporting information related to separate budget categories.
 - a. Modular application
 - b. Fixed price application
 - c. Streamlined application
 - d. SNAP
4. A PD/PI who has not previously competed successfully as a PD/PI for a substantial independent research award.
 - a. Untenured investigator
 - b. Unfunded investigator
 - c. New Investigator
 - d. Unlucky investigator
5. Includes all financial resources, whether Federal, non-Federal, commercial or organizational, available in direct support of an individual's research endeavors, including, but not limited to, research grants, cooperative agreements, contracts, or organizational awards.
 - a. Cost share
 - b. Other Support
 - c. Financial portfolio
 - d. Grants and Contracts

6. NIH-wide FOA enabling applicants to electronically submit an investigator-initiated grant application for a specific activity code
 - a. Master announcement
 - b. R01 application
 - c. IC announcement
 - d. Parent announcement
7. An application requesting additional funding for a period subsequent to that provided by a current award.
 - a. Resubmission
 - b. New
 - c. Unfunded
 - d. Renewal
8. An application that has been previously submitted, but was not funded, and is being resubmitted for new consideration.
 - a. Resubmission
 - b. New
 - c. Noncompeting
 - d. Renewal
9. A peer review committee group of primarily non-government members to evaluate and give expert advice on the scientific and technical merit of NIH applications.
 - a. Scientific Review Group
 - b. Peer review
 - c. Outside review
 - d. Grant Management Officials
10. Which of the following NIH Institutes or Centers do not fund research
 - a. National Cancer Institute
 - b. Office of the Director
 - c. National Institute on Aging
 - d. Center for Scientific Review
11. The most appropriate person for an applicant to contact prior to submission or after the review meeting.
 - a. Scientific Review Officer
 - b. Grants Management Officer
 - c. Grants Management Specialist
 - d. Program Officer

12. Official publication for NIH grant policies, guidelines and funding opportunities.
 - a. NIH Grants Policy Statement
 - b. Program Announcement
 - c. NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts
 - d. Parent Announcement
13. Monitors institutional investigations of research misconduct and facilitates the responsible conduct of research through education, prevention and regulatory activities.
 - a. Office for Human Research Protections
 - b. Office of Research Integrity
 - c. Office of Inspector General
 - d. Office of Policy for Extramural Research
14. Broad funding opportunity announcement allowing applicants to submit an investigator initiated application.
 - a. Parent Announcement
 - b. Requests for Application
 - c. Request for Proposal
 - d. Program Announcement
15. NIH's most commonly used grant program.
 - a. R01
 - b. R03
 - c. R33
 - d. K01
16. Advance permission is required when submitting an application with annual direct cost of more than
 - a. \$200,000
 - b. \$250,000
 - c. \$350,000
 - d. \$500,000
17. The NIH Small Grant Program (R03) allows annual direct costs of up to
 - a. \$25,000
 - b. \$50,000
 - c. \$75,000
 - d. \$100,000

18. The most common NIH early career award.
 - a. R01
 - b. T01
 - c. K01
 - d. U01

19. Mechanism to support shared resources and facilities for research by a number of investigators from different disciplines who focus on a common research problem.
 - a. P30 Center Core Grants
 - b. R01
 - c. Training grant
 - d. Fellowship grants

20. An electronic system used by NIH designed to track grants from application to project closeout.
 - a. Grants.gov
 - b. AASIST
 - c. iEdison
 - d. ERA commons

21. In the NIH application review process the final funding decision is made by the
 - a. Scientific Review Group
 - b. NIH program staff
 - c. Advisory board/council
 - d. Institute/Center director

22. In reviewing the Other Support document it is found that the PI has funded projects that have ten months of his time annually committed. This could be an example of
 - a. Scientific overlap
 - b. Commitment overlap
 - c. Budgetary overlap
 - d. No overlap as PIs are expected to work in excess of 40 hours per week.

23. Legally binding contract between NIH and the awardee.
 - a. Notice of Award
 - b. Notice of Agreement
 - c. Request for Proposal
 - d. Funding Opportunity Announcement

Answer

1 a	12 c	23 a
2 a	13 b	
3 a	14 a	
4 c	15 a	
5 b	16 d	
6 d	17 b	
7 d	18 c	
8 a	19 a	
9 a	20 d	
10 d	21 d	
11 d	22 b	